

Rapid Analysis of PFAS in Soil using One Step Pressurized Liquid Extraction and Purification

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Introduction

- PLE[®] Overview
 - Pressurized Liquid Extraction as alternative to manual extraction
- Extraction and Cleanup for PFAS Testing application: soil
- Questions





Extractions for PFAS in Solids

- Current techniques
 - Manual Solvent Extraction, Centrifuging
 - Labor intensive
 - Inconsistent results
 - Sonication in Solvent, Centrifuging
 - Labor and Solvent Intensive
 - Inconsistent results



Pressurized Liquid Extraction

- An Extraction technique used in the AG/Environmental/Food Markets
- The Technique Incorporates:
 - Solvent
 - Pressure
 - Heat
 - Time



Why is PLE so effective?

- Performed near the solvent's supercritical region
- Under Programmable Pressure

• Creates a high degree of analyte solubility releasing them from the solid matrix



Extraction

 A solid or semi-solid sample is placed in the Pressurized Extraction Cell 5mL to 200mL

 The Extraction cell is capped and placed into the extraction device which can be pressurized to up 2500psi



Extraction

- The Extraction cell is filled with the extraction solvent put under pressure and depressurized
 – PFAS
- The Extract is flushed with Nitrogen into a collection vessel





The PLE® Pressurized Liquid Extraction







PLE - Pressurized Liquid Extraction

- High Speed
- Modular and expandable from 1 to 8
- Process 1 to 8 samples in 10 to 15 min
- Extraction cell size 5 mL to 200 mL
- Real time plot of temperature and pressure
- Reduced Solvent Consumption
- Lower Energy Consumption
- In Cell Sample Cleanup



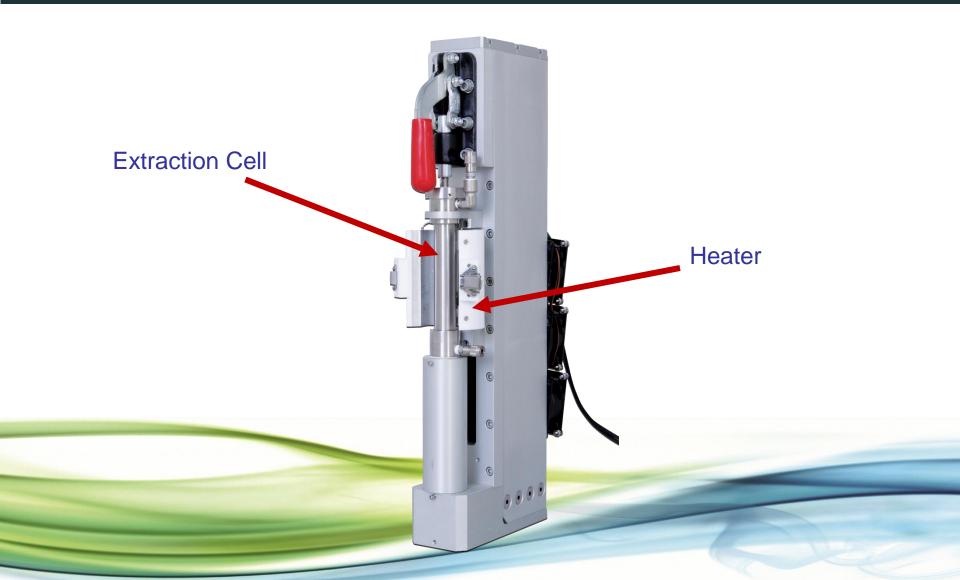














Economical Extraction Cells





Production Cell





Easy to Use End Caps





Modular and Expandable

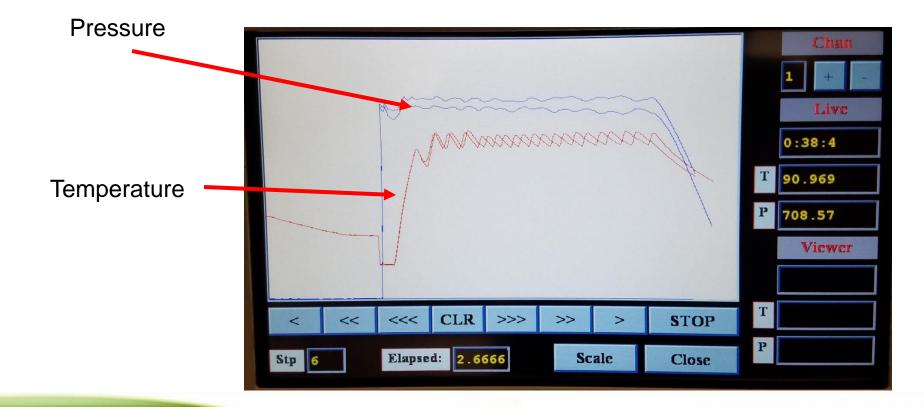
Expandable from 1 to 8 Modules

Parallel Extraction



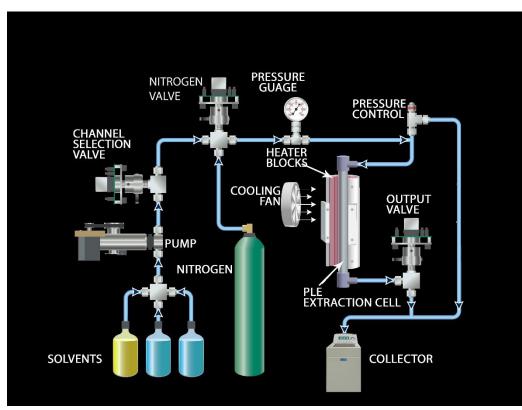


Method Documentation





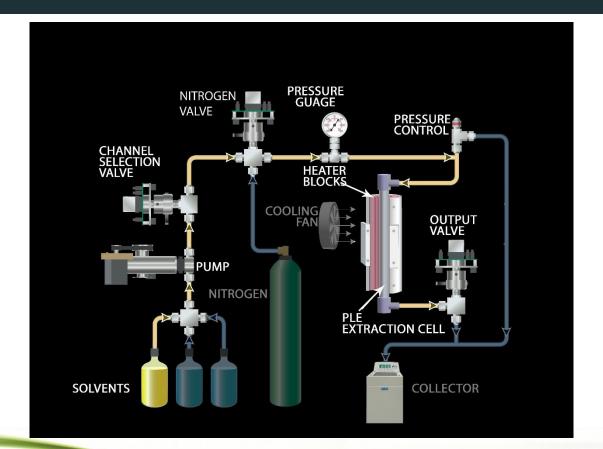
Filling the Cell with Methanol





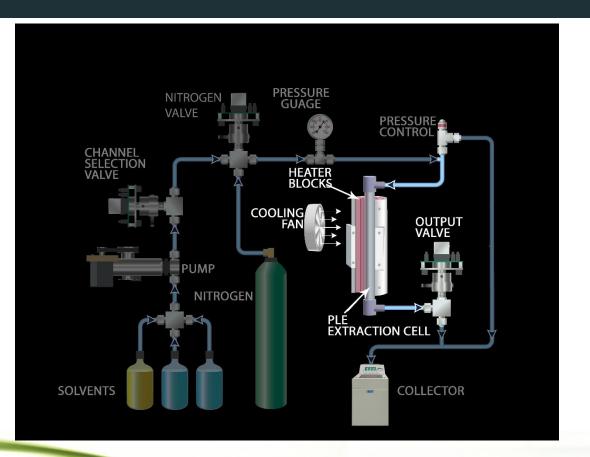


Pressurize the Cell



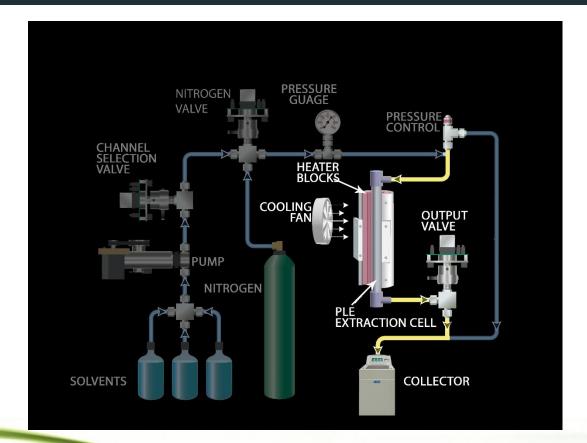


Maintain Pressure



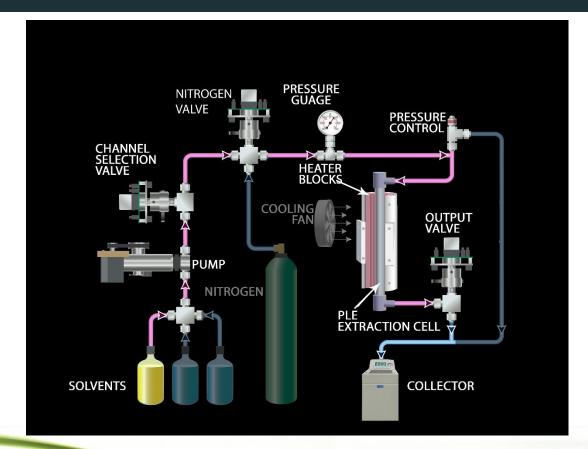


Depressurize the Cell





Deliver the Extract to the Collection Vessel





Pressurized Liquid Extraction for PFAS

• Works efficiently on all Sample Matrices

- Can be done efficiently at ambient temperature
 - Sand
 - Soil





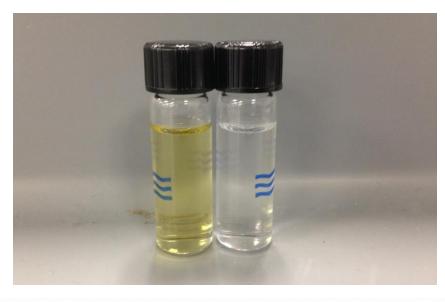
Pressurized Liquid Extraction for PFAS

- High Speed extraction for PFAS
 - Up to 8 extracts per 40 min
 - Up to 96 extracts per 8hr shift
- Consistent, Reproducible Results
 - Automated System
 - Processor based controller with unlimited methods storage
 - Documentation of run conditions
- Save money
 - Solvent
 - Labor





Extract after Cleanup







Methanol Extraction

- Low Solvent Consumption
- Low Power Consumption
 - 110V 20 A circuit
- Ambient temperature extraction
- Touch Screen Control
- Preload methods





Expandable

FMS

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- 1 to 8 modules
- Run in Parallel
- Extract up to 8 samples
- in 40 min
- 96 samples per 8 h shift



Easy to Use Cells





Soil extraction-SPE cleanup

- 5 g soil or sand in PLE cell
- Cell 40 mL
- Mixed with inert material
- Extraction near ambient temperature ~ 30 °C
- 10 min
- 1000 psi (~ 65 atm)
- Minimal cool down then nitrogen flush
- Final extract volume ~ 40 mL
- Cleanup over in-line Florisil/DVB cartridge



Automated Concentration for PFAS

SuperVap 24 PFC 24 positions 15ml Conical vials Timed Endpoint

SuperVap 12 PFC 12 positions 50ml Conical vials Timed Endpoint





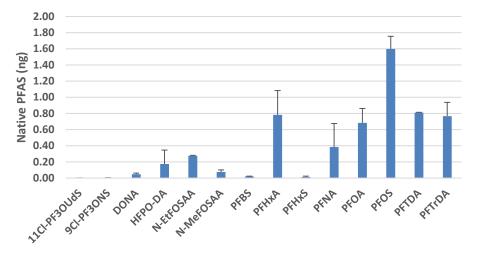
LC/MS





Native PFAS in soil

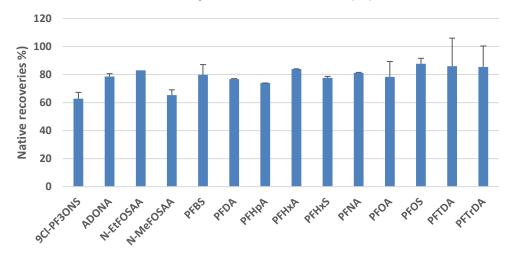
Native PFAS in 5 g soil







Native PFAS spike recoveries soil

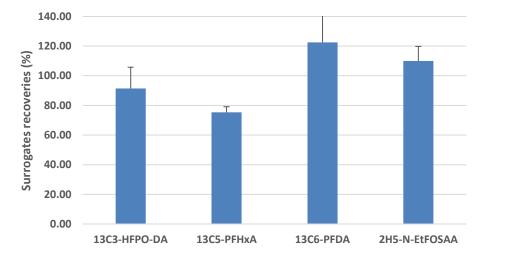


Native spike recoveries soil (%)





Labeled PFAS surrogates in soil (%)



Surrogates recoveries for soil

40-160 ng PFAS spiked





Native PFAS in sand

0.350 0.300 0.250 0.200 0.150 0.000 0.150 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000

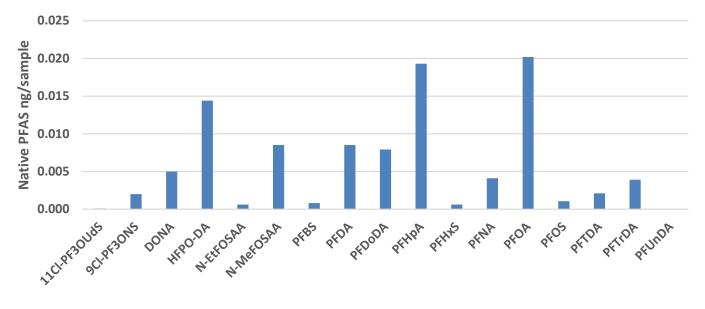
Native PFAS in sand





Native PFAS background from PLE

Native PFAS backfround from PLE







Fast, Reproducible Extractions

- Using the PLE[®]
 - Sample Prep processes are combined into one step
 - Extraction
 - Cleanup with, e.g., Florisil/DVB
 - One Extraction Method for all Solid Matrices
 - Reduces error
 - Produces consistent, reproducible results
 - Increased productivity



Fast, Reproducible Extractions

- Faster and easier operator training
- Automatic documentation of extraction and cleanup and concentration conditions
- Reduced errors due to mistakes eliminating manual steps and conditions.
- Reduced solvent usage and disposal costs.





Come see us at booth # A01 Questions? raddink@fms-inc.com

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