

Semi-Automated Clean Up for Persistent Organic Pollutants Analysis in Environmental Samples - Complete Separation of PCDD/Fs and PCBs for Sample Extracts in Toluene

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Introduction

- POPs (PCDD/Fs, PCBs) continue to attract interest around the world due to strict regulations enforced in many countries
- Rapid and quality sample clean up and analysis is needed for many laboratories processing samples
- Processing times and cost are important considerations
- In US EPA methods 1613 and 1668 are used



Challenges of POPs Sample Prep

- Labor intensive, prone to error
- Compliance with regulatory procedures and accreditation (lengthy method validation)
- Strict QA/QC requirements
- Sample matrix complexity
- Native background and interferences (can be orders of magnitude higher than analytes)
- Pico/femto-gram analyses require ultra pure extract and excellent instrument sensitivity



Automated Sample Prep

Advantages of Automated Sample Prep

Rapid Turn Around Time:
 60 Minutes for 6 Samples

Cleaner Background Interferences: Closed Loop System

Quality Results: Certified Prepacked Columns

Green Technology:
 Often lower solvent use

QA/QC & Accreditation Requirements: Easier to Manage

Computerized Method: Instrumentation based prep



Manual Sample Prep

Advantages of Manual Sample Prep

- Most labs use a Manual Methods for the following reasons:
 - No electronics or mechanical components to fail
 - No down time due to the system failure
 - No service contract
 - No capital equipment cost



Automated System Attributes

- Fully automated: From sample loading to elution and fraction collection
- Closed loop system: Cleaner background, lower detection limit
- High recoveries & Excellent precision: Certified columns
- Green Technology: Low power usage
- Fast: Total Clean Up time 60 min.
- Low volumes: varies, as low as 100 -250 mLs



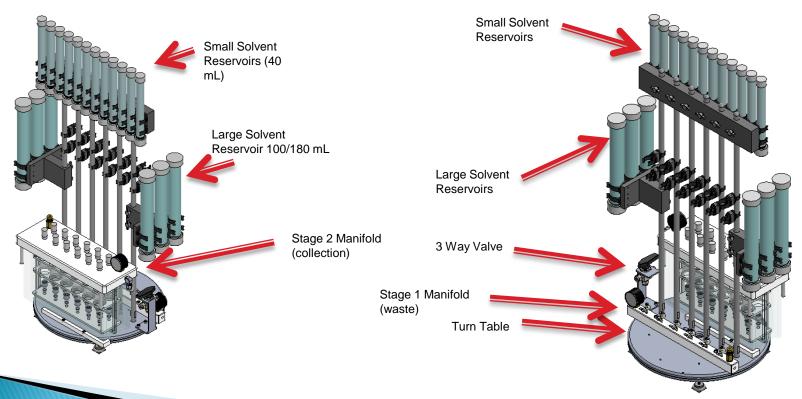
Semi-Automated System

Specification:

- Simple to run, no computerized instrumentation
- Fast: 60 min
- Closed loop system to give a clean background, low level detection
- Use certified columns
- Green technology, only vacuum pump uses power
- Low solvents, as low as 90ml for serum
- Economical column kits, choice of low fat and high fat column kits
- No capital equipment cost
- No electronics or mechanical equipment to fail
- No downtime

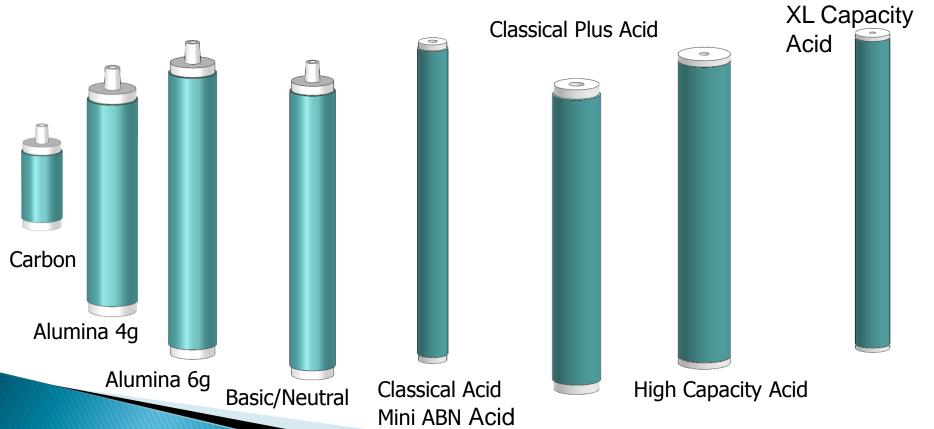


Characteristics of Semi-Automated System (EZPrep)



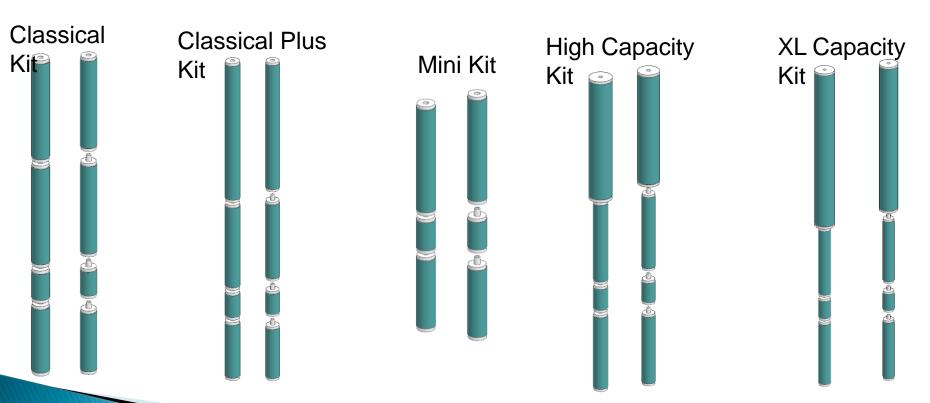
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Columns (1)



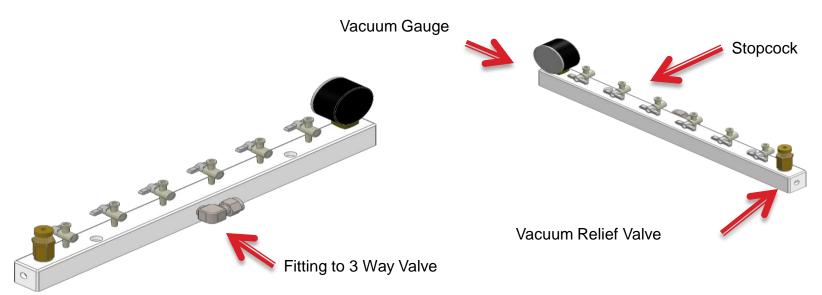


Columns (2)





Vacuum



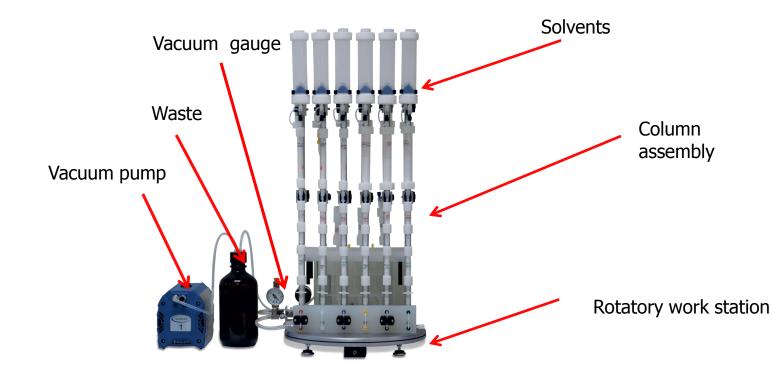


Manifold



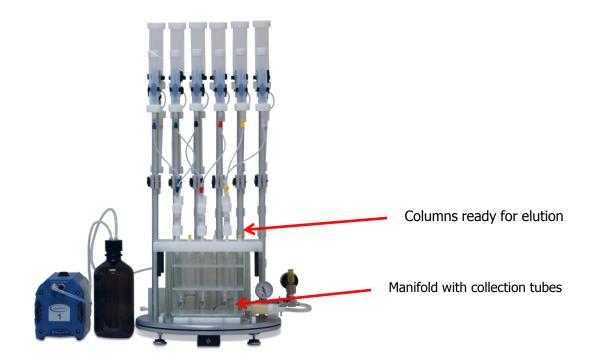


Stage 1: to waste





Stage 2: collect





Attributes

- Closed loop system:
 - Eliminates background contaminants
 - No washing needed.
 - Capped solvent reservoirs
- Optimized for solvent reduction while obtaining highest possible recoveries
- Easy sample loading on top of silica column via injection or syringe vial
- Columns connect easy with SNAP connections



Program for samples (1)

- Stage 1: Connect High Capacity Acid Silica and Alumina (no Carbon) and condition with 60 mL of hexane (vacuum, waste)
- Stage 2: Load sample (in 2-10 mL toluene, collect Fraction # 1), rinse loading vials with hexane, elute with 60 mL hexane (collect Fraction # 1), remove acid silica, elute alumina with 30 mL 10% dichloromethane/hexane (collect Fraction # 1)
- All PCBs are now in Fraction # 1, PCDD/Fs have remained on alumina



Program for samples (2)

- Stage 1: Connect Alumina to Carbon and elute with 50 mL of dichloromethane (vacuum, waste); the PCDD/Fs will now be on carbon column
- Stage 2: Turn Carbon column upside down and elute in reverse direction with 60 mL toluene (Fraction # 2). This fraction now contains all PCDD/Fs.
- This method is suitable for samples in 2-10 mL of toluene. This ideal for environmental labs with extracts in toluene.



12 position evaporator 50 mLs





SuperVap Evaporation

- System pre-heated to 45-60 °C.
- Samples evaporated at stable T under 5-6 psi nitrogen.
- 1 mL extract vial transferred to GC vial (can have direct-to-vial feature).
- Recovery standards added (nonane/dodecane).
- Extract taken to 10 uL volume with a gentle stream of nitrogen at ambient temperature.



24 position vial evaporator





Direct-to-Vial





GC vial

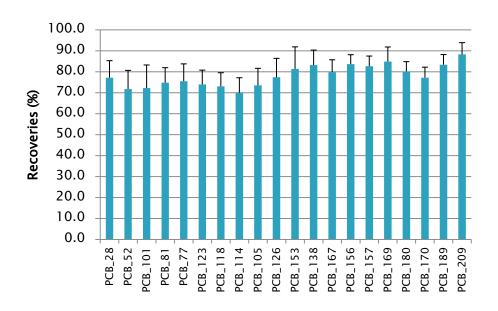


DFS HRGC/HRMS





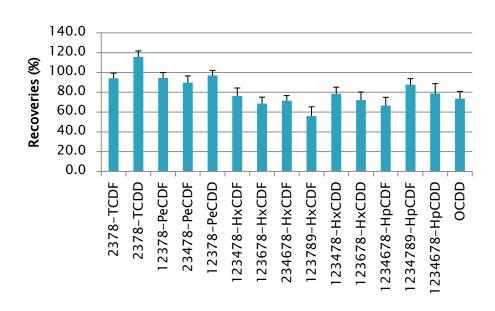
13C recoveries PCBs soil



10 g soil in toluene, n = 10



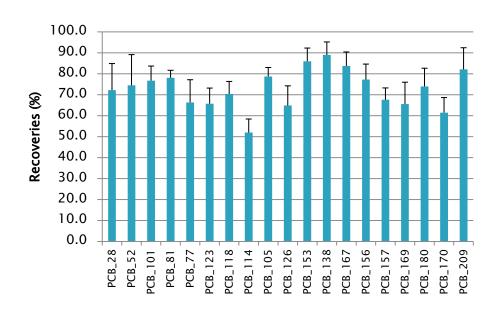
13C recoveries PCDD/Fs soil



10 g soil in toluene, n = 10



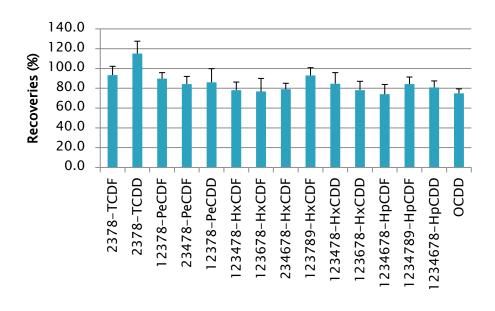
13C recoveries PCBs salmon



10 g salmon in toluene, n = 12



13C recoveries PCDD/Fs salmon



10 g salmon in toluene, n = 12

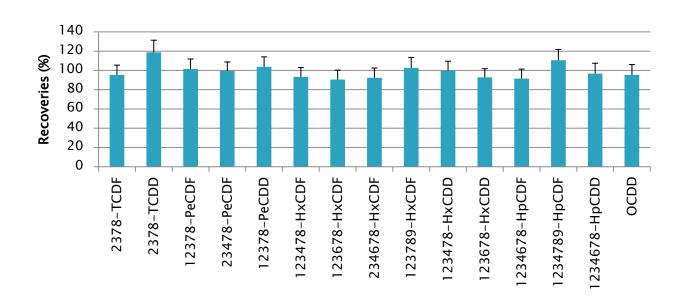


Program for samples in toluene (PCDD/F only)

- Stage 1: Connect High Capacity Acid Silica, Alumina and Carbon and condition with 40 mL of hexane (vacuum, waste)
- Stage 1: Load sample (vacuum, waste), rinse loading vials with hexane, elute with 180 mL hexane (vacuum, waste), remove acid silica
- Stage 1: all analytes are now on alumina. Elute alumina-carbon assembly with 50 mL dichloromethane (vacuum, waste; if collected contains mono- and di-ortho PCBs)
- Stage 2: Turn Carbon column upside down and elute in reverse direction with 60 mL toluene (Fraction # 1). This fraction now contains all PCDD/Fs (and co-planary PCBs if present)



13C recoveries PCDD/Fs fish



10 g fish in toluene, n = 12



Conclusions (1)

- Samples in toluene (environmental, food): 2-10 mL toluene, separate PCBs and PCDD/Fs completely using hexane and 10% DCM/hexane, followed by DCM and toluene
- Reduced hexane volume needed for silica column because of presence toluene
- Alternative for samples in toluene: use hexane, DCM and toluene to have monoand di-ortho PCBs in one fraction, PCDD/F/co-planary PCBs in other fraction
- Works also for samples in hexane but more hexane needed in that case for silica elution ("toluene effect" not present)



Column Kits with various fat removal capacities for samples in hexane

		Stage 1 (volumes in mLs)				Stage 2 (volume in mLs)			
						PCBs/PBDEs	PCDD/Fs	1	Total
	Fat Removal	Hexane	Hexane	Hexane		DCM	Toluene		time
Column kits	Capacity	Conditioning	Sample loading	Elute silica		Alumina-carbon	Reverse carbon		(min)
Classical Plus	1.0 g	20 mL	30 mL	100 mL		50 mL	50 mL		50
High Capacity	2.5 g	40 mL	30 mL	180 mL		50 mL	50 mL		70
Extra high Capacity	5.0 g	60 mL	30 mL	220 mL		50 mL	50 mL		80



Conclusions (2)

- EZPrep suitable for environmental and food analyses in toluene as solvent. Also suitable for samples in hexane
- Can keep PCBs and PCDD/Fs completely separate if so desired. Alternatively have co-planary PCBs in with PCDD/Fs
- High sample throughput → 18 samples/hour
 - 6 samples in parallel per station
 - 3 stations fit in one hood
- System gives excellent recoveries for PCDD/F and PCBs and PBDEs comparable to our automated system

Use of certified pre-packaged columns guarantees low native background



Conclusions (3)

- No worries about breakdown or downtime
- No washing needed
- No cross-contamination
- Low cost



Questions

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